

🔇 Zika in Michigan

MICHIGAN Department of Health and Human Services

Are Michigan residents still at risk?



Mosquitoes able to transmit Zika have not been found in Michigan; local transmission has not occurred.

All cases of Zika in the state of Michigan have been travel-related. Within Michigan, residents cannot be infected with Zika by mosquitoes. While the Zika risk internationally is decreasing, Michigan residents can still acquire Zika through:



Traveling to an area with active Zika transmission



Sexual transmission with a partner who had a recent Zika infection

What are Zika symptoms?

In most people, illness is mild. Common symptoms are:







Rash



Joint Pain



Red Eyes

How should Michigan residents respond to Zika?

If you may have been exposed to Zika and are experiencing Zika symptoms, notify your doctor to receive proper testing and counseling.

If you are traveling to an active Zika area, take appropriate precautions to prevent mosquito bites.





If you are pregnant or trying to become pregnant, avoid traveling to active Zika regions. If you or your partner recently traveled to a region with active Zika transmission, notify your doctor as soon as possible. Use condoms for the remainder or your pregnancy. If you experience Zika symptoms, get tested for Zika virus infection.

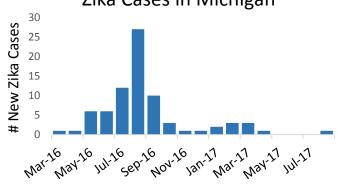
Contact your Local Health Department for more information and resources.

How has Zika affected Michigan so far?

total cases in Michigan residents **70** cases in 2016; **7** cases in 2017

cases in pregnant women in Michigan 5 0 cases of Zika related birth defects

Zika Cases in Michigan



Number of Zika Cases Michigan Residents, by Region

